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Lime, Sept. 16.

YEsterday ſailed from hence ſeveral Veſſels bound for *New England*, *Virginia*, and ſome Parts of *France*, the Wind at N.W. and the ſame day paſſed to the Eaſtward a conſiderable Fleet; we told above 30 Sail, and judge them to be homeward bound from the *Streights*, under the Convoy of ſome of His Majeſties Frigats.

Portſmouth, Sept. 17. On the 12 inſtant arrived at St. *Helens* the *Dover* and *Sweepſtakes* Frigats, and ſince the *Dreadnaught*, the *Adventure*, the *Harwich*, *Swiftſure*, *Mountague*, *Lyon*, and *York*, are arrived at *Spitthead*, whither the *Briſtol* and *Lark* Frigats, and the *Ann*, and *Chriſtopher*, and *Caſtle* Fireſhips, ſailed from hence the 14 and 15. Yeſterday in the morning paſſed by for the *Downes* the *Portſmouth* and *Foreſight* Frigats, with 34 Sail of Merchantmen under their Convoy from *Plimouth*.

Copenhagen, Sept. 17. There is not any thing worth writing from hence. The Armies in *Schonen* continue encamped within two hours march of each other; and our King is returned hither, which makes us think that there is no great appearance of action. Lieutenant-General *Arenſdorf* continues under reſtraint, and the Commiſſioners are examining the Articles given in againſt him.

Hamburg, Sept. 20. We are expecting to hear by every Poſt that comes from *Pomeren*, that the Danes and the Brandenburgs have made the attack ſo much ſpoken of upon *Rugen*; the laſt Letters we had from thoſe parts, only ſaid, that the Elector of *Brandenburg* continued at *Wolgaſt*, and that there was a diſcourſe of an intended interview between the King of *Denmark*, the Elector of *Brandenburg*, the Dukes of *Lunenburg*, and the Biſhop of *Munſter*, which was to be held at *Roſtocke*, to concert the ſaid deſign upon *Rugen*, or ſome other of no leſs importance, though at the ſame time the Letters from *Roſtocke* ſpeak of a Ceſſation of Arms. From *Wiſmar* we have an account, that the Danes have taken one *Kipping* a Suede, who hath been much employed to carry Letters to and fro, and it's ſaid ſeveral Letters of importance was found about him when he was taken.

Strasburg, Sept. 16. On Monday laſt part of the Cavalry that is in Gariſon here, marched out, in deſign to attack a French Brigade that was poſted at *Humbergen*, which they did, and killed ſeveral of them, but they being reinforced with freſh Troops, our Horſe was forced to make haſte home again, leaving about twenty of their Companions behind them. The Sieur *de Monclar* has drawn the Troops that were in the *Wantzenaw* from thence, and has embarked them in 19 large Boats, in order to their paſſing down the *Rhine*, and their joining the Mareſchal *de Crequi*. The Imperial Troops that were at *Offenburg*, being relieved by others, have poſted themſelves on the *Rhine* at *Nieuhof*, which is a little above the Iſland, which the French are poſſeſſed of in the *Rhine*, to hinder the paſſage of the Veſſels which come down with Proviſions from *Briſac*, for the uſe of the French Army. Nine great Barks which came from *Briſac*, laden with Meal, run two days ſince upon the Pales of that part of our Bridge which is burnt, and were all ſunk. The abovementioned Gariſon of *Offenburg*, and ſome Troops of ours have been all this morning skirmiſhing with the French that are poſted in the Iſle in the *Rhine*.

From the Mareſchal de Crequi's *Camp at* Minfeldt, *Sept.* 16. The 9th inſtant we quitted the Neighborhood of *Weiſſenbourg*, and came and encamped in the Plain of *Minfeldt*, where we raiſed ſeveral ſmall Redoubts to ſecure the head of our Camp towards *Rheinſaberne* and *Billickem*. The 14th, the Mareſchal *de Crequi* having advice that 400 Imperial Horſe, and 200 Foot were at *Landau*, he detached the Sieur *de Saint Silveſtre*, with ſome Horſe and Dragoons, to remove them from thence, and the next day followed himſelf with 100 of the Kings Guards, 100 Dragoons, and the Brigade of the Queen; but the Enemy after ſome skirmiſh with the Sieur *Silveſtre*, retired in diſorder, and abandoned *Landau*, where the Mareſchal found great quantity of Corn and Forage, which was brought to our Camp. The 14th likewiſe the Sieur *de Langallerie* had advice, that the Baron *de Mercy*, who commands the Cavalry in Gariſon at *Strasburg*, was come out with a Body of Horſe, in deſign to ſurprize him in his quarter at *Lochfeldt*, whereupon the ſaid Sieur *de Langallerie* cauſed his Brigade to mount, and to march towards the Enemy; and being come near them, commanded 100 to advance and to charge the Enemy; but the reſt coming likewiſe into the action, the Imperialiſts retired with precipitation. The Baron *de Monclar* is come with the Brigade of *Beaupré* to *Lauterburg*, and the Sieur *de Langallerie* remains with his Brigade and two Battalions in the *Wantzenaw*. The Count *de Schomberg*, who was ſome time ſince taken priſoner by the Imperialiſts is here upon his Parole.

Francfort, Sept. 17. The Imperial Troops continue to live very diſorderly in the Palatinate, they having within theſe few days plundered ſeveral Villages near the *Bergſtraet*, as alſo the Caſtle of *Urmſbach*. We have Letters from the Imperial Camp dated yeſterday at *Screck*, which tell us, that the Duke of *Lorrain* underſtanding that the French had a deſign to attack his Bridge, had commanded all his Infantry to paſs the *Rhine*, and to join the Body commanded by General *Caprara* and General *Schultz*. The Letters from *Nimeguen* giving an account of the great likelihood there is, that the difficulties between *France* and *Spain* will be overcome, and the Treaty brought to perfection, makes thoſe Princes of the Empire, who were before very deſirous

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